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fever, 3 to pernicious fever, 7 to remittent fever, and 4 to tuberculosis. In all, 27 new cases of yellow fever were reported during the period under consideration, of which 1, the first of the season, was from the British steamship *British Trader*, lying at one of the wharves. This patient, a sailor, was probably infected on shore.

The vessel was fumigated by the local delegates of the superior board of health.

The Cuban authorities propose to fumigate with pyrethrum powder all vessels carrying cattle leaving this port for any port in that island.

PERU.

No new cases of plague.

Minister Dudley, at Lima, reports, May 25, as follows:

There have been no new cases of bubonic plague in Peru since the 7th instant. Vessels continue to touch at Ancon, instead of Callao, but the practice is likely to be discontinued very soon. Chile is not quarantining against any Peruvian port, and the reports being sent out from here are expected to speedily reestablish confidence abroad in the sanitary condition of Callao and Pisco.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Reports from Manila—Plague and smallpox.

Assistant Surgeon Heiser, chief quarantine officer for the Philippine Islands, reports, May 13, 18, and 22, as follows: During the week ended May 9, 1903, 6 cases of plague with 2 deaths occurred in Manila. During the same period 9 new cases of smallpox were reported.

Summary of plague and smallpox during four weeks ended May 2, 1903.

Week ended—	Plague.		Smallpox.	
	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
April 11	15	13	2	3
18	4	4	10	0
25	15	12	8	0
May 2	14	16	8	0

Statement of cholera situation in Manila.

In Manila the number of cases is almost the same as for the preceding week. The board of health has been unable to trace the source of the infection in any of the cases. The greater percentage of cases still continues to occur among the crews of the vessels lying in the river. With few exceptions, only one case occurred on board any one ship, and the history of the patient is that he has had shore liberty one or two nights before being taken ill. The mortality is about 85 per cent.

Cholera report for Manila.

Week ended May 9, 1903. Number of cases, 44; deaths, 38. Nationality, Filipino.